

FUTURE PROFILE OF THE OSH PROFESSIONAL

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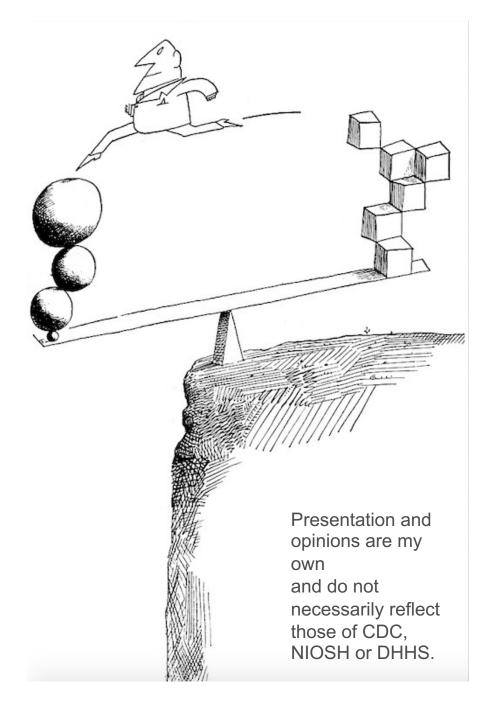


Goals for today

Reexamine whether what we currently do as researchers, practitioners and educators will meet future needs.

Discuss **why** we need to reshape our approaches: Wicked Problems

Reshaping: the need for future OSH professionals to acquire the *truly "hard" skills.*



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HAS THE FIELD OF OSH MAXIMIZED ITS IMPACT? REACHED ITS POTENTIAL?

WHAT DO WE HOPE WILL BE THE IMPACT OF THE NEXT GENERATION OF OSH PROFESSIONALS?

WHAT COMPETENCIES WILL THEYNEED?





Review

How Will the Future of Work Shape the OSH Professional of the Future? A Workshop Summary

Sarah A. Felknor ^{1,*}, Jessica M. K. Streit ², L. Casey Chosewood ¹, Michelle McDaniel ³, Paul A. Schulte ², George L. Delclos ³ and on behalf of the Workshop Presenters and Participants [†]





Review

Toward an Expanded Focus for Occupational Safety and Health: A Commentary





Review

How Will the Future of Work Shape OSH Research and Practice? A Workshop Summary

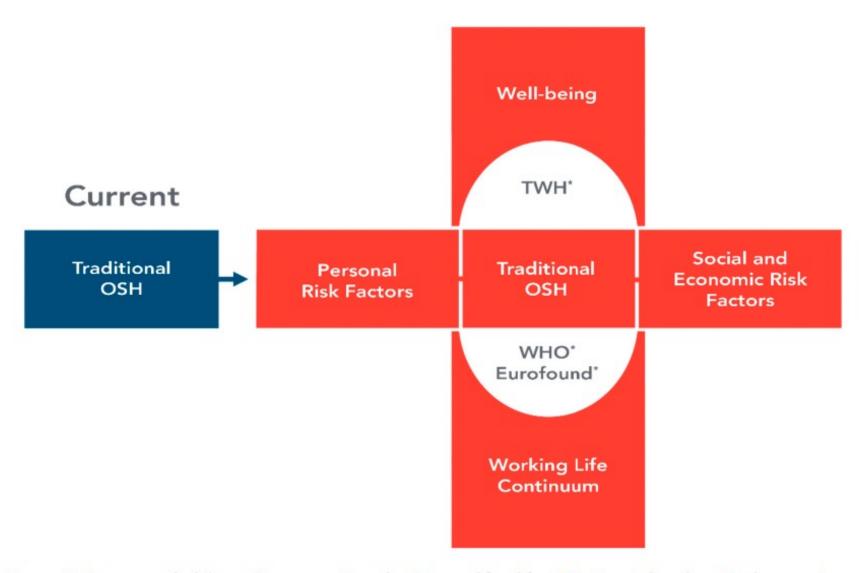
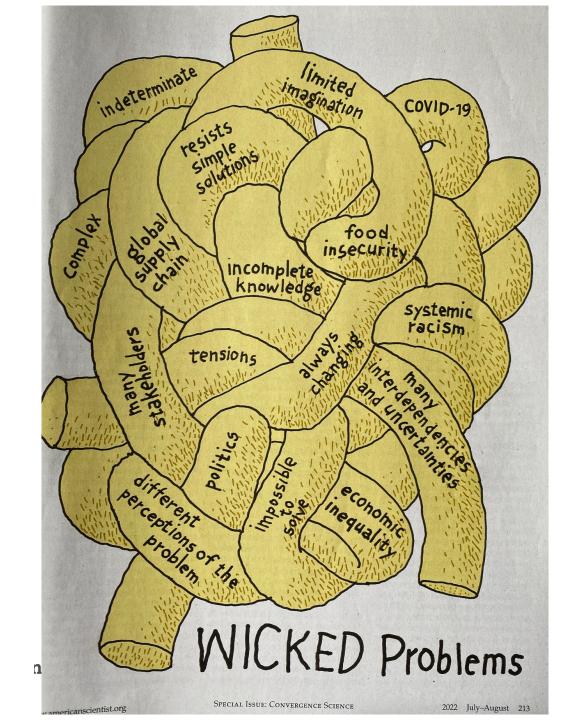


Figure 1. An expanded focus for occupational safety and health. * Horizontal and vertical expansion build on the work of WHO [20], Eurofound [21], and TWH [22,23].

We will start to reach our potential as a field when we start to address the most vexing problems



Mortiz and Kawa, *American Scientist* (2022) 110:212

Dilemmas in a General Theory of Planning*

HORST W. J. RITTEL

Professor of the Science of Design, University of California, Berkeley

MELVIN M. WEBBER

Professor of City Planning, University of California, Berkeley

ABSTRACT

The search for scientific bases for confronting problems of social policy is bound to fail, because of the nature of these problems. They are "wicked" problems, whereas science has developed to deal with "tame" problems. Policy problems cannot be definitively described. Moreover, in a pluralistic society there is nothing like the undisputable public good; there is no objective definition of equity; policies that respond to social problems cannot be meaningfully correct or false; and it makes no sense to talk about "optimal solutions" to social problems unless severe qualifications are imposed first. Even worse, there are no "solutions" in the sense of definitive and objective answers.

The World Needs Wicked Scientists

How can we train the next generation of researchers to tackle society's most vexing problems?

Mark Moritz and Nicholas C. Kawa

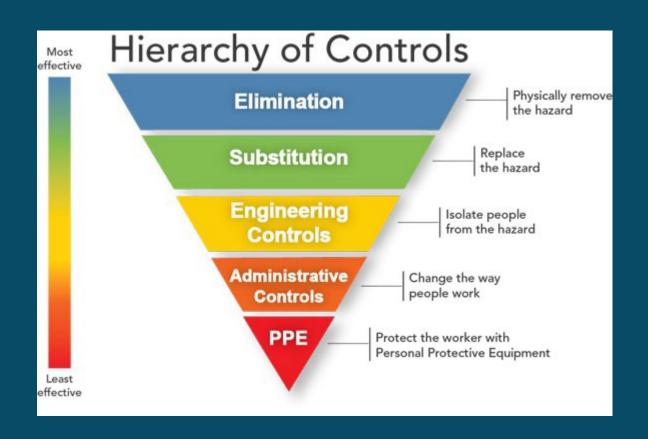
Mortiz and Kawa, *American Scientist* (2022) 110:212



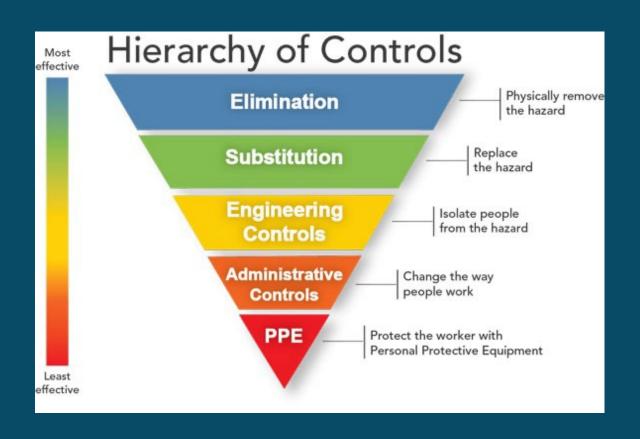
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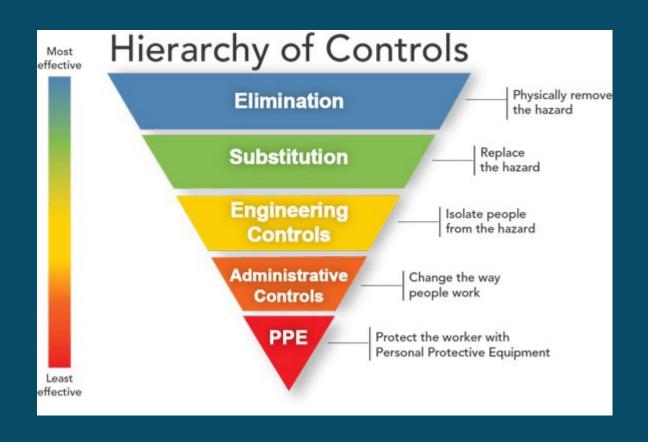
TECHNOLOGICAL DISRUPTION



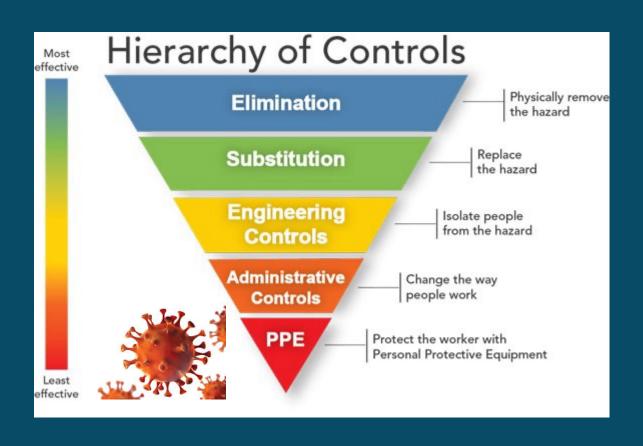
GLOBALIZATION



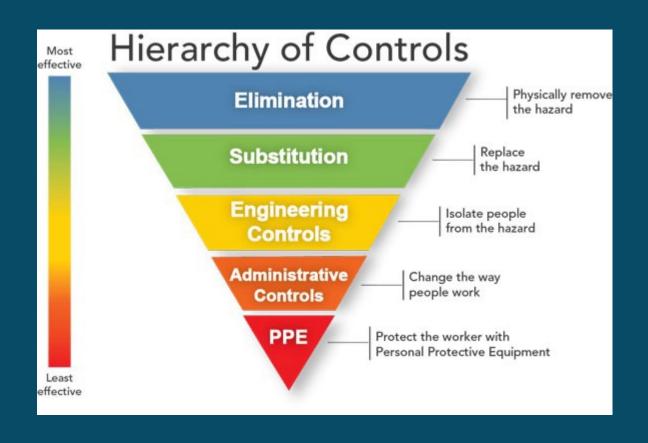
CHANGING DEMOGRAPHICS



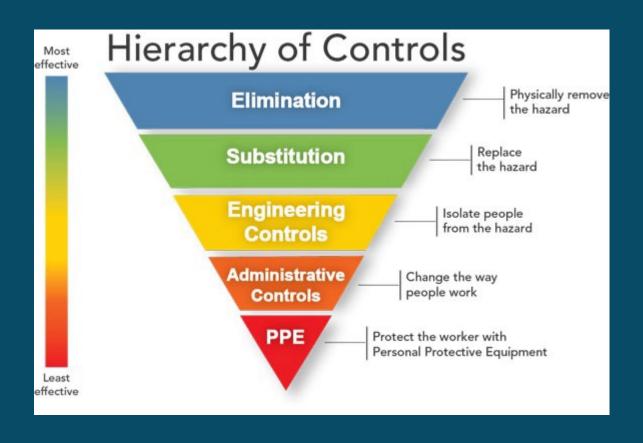
PANDEMICS and EMERGENCIES OF THE FUTURE



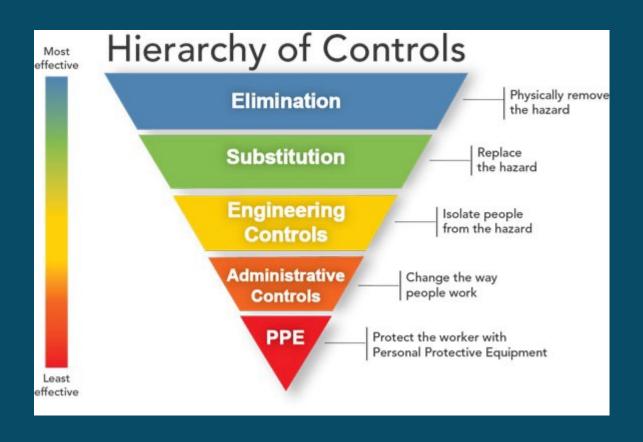
IGNORANCE AND DISINFORMATION



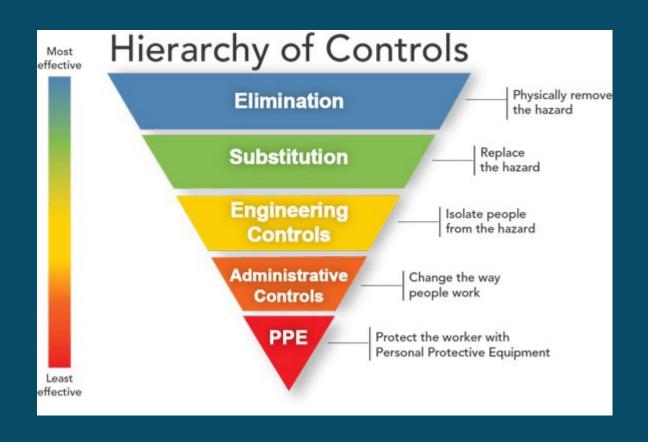
HEALTH AND SAFETY INEQUITY



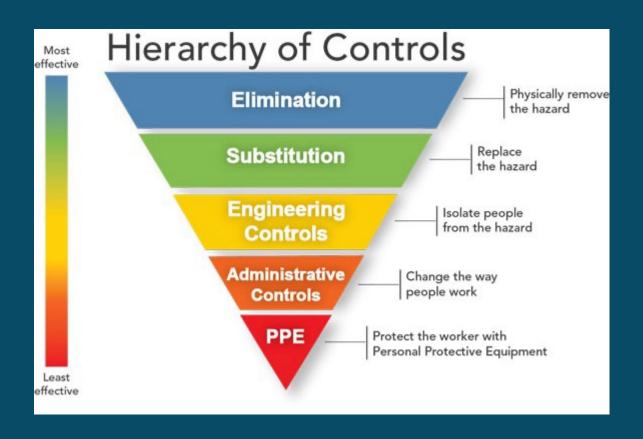
ECONOMICS and the OBSESSION with PRODUCTIVITY

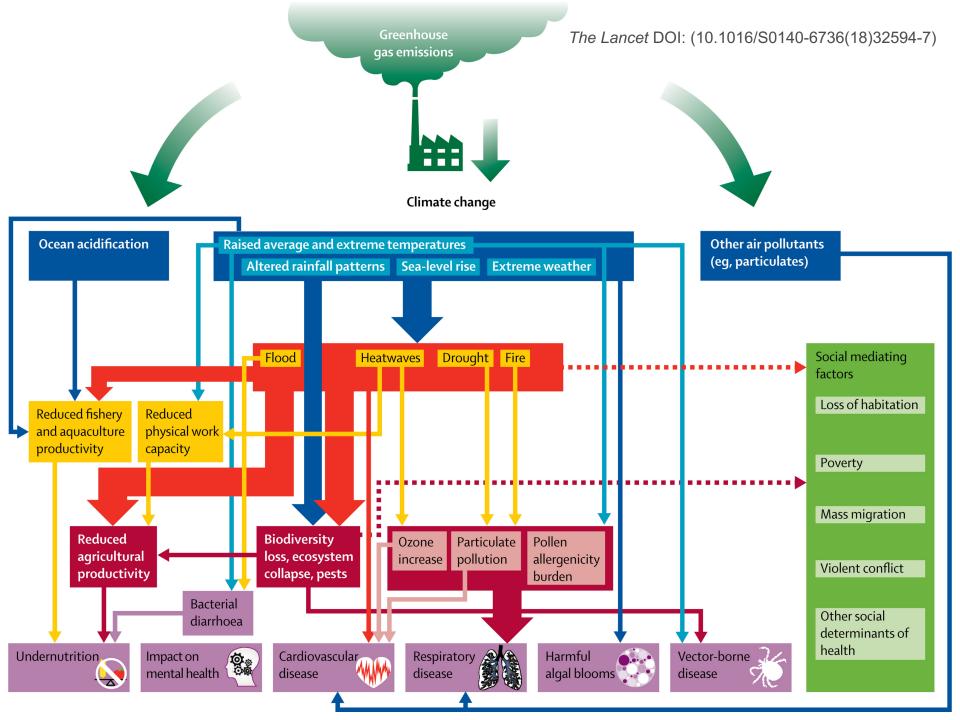


BODILY AUTONOMY



CLIMATE CHANGE







Climate Change Hazards for Workers



Increasing temperature



Water quality, Drought



Extreme weather events



Ultraviolet radiation



Built environment



Emerging industries & industrial transitions



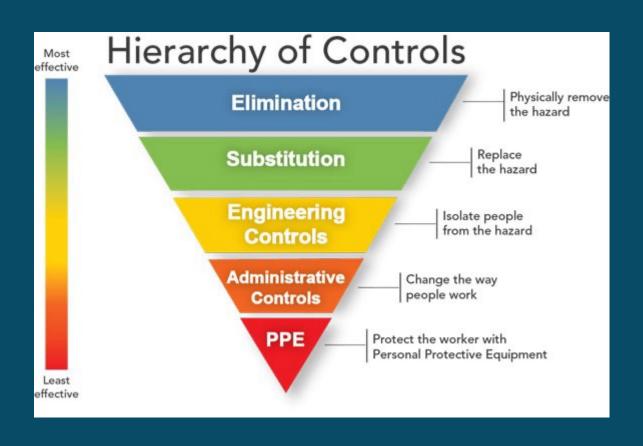


Vector borne diseases & biological hazards

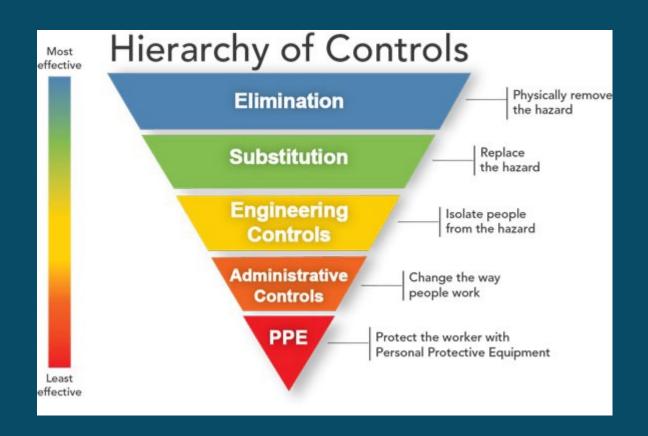


Mental health

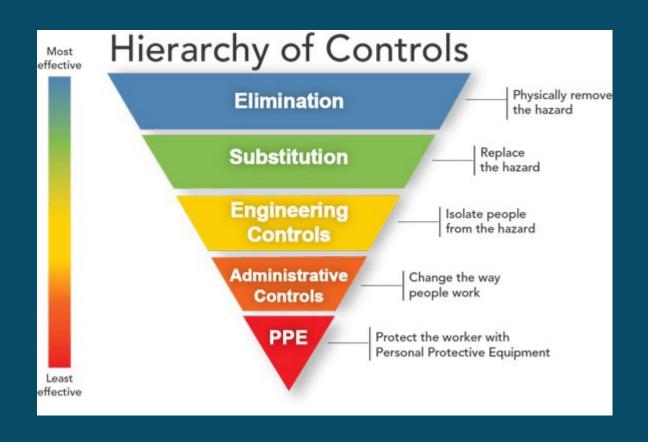
STRUCTURAL AND SYSTEMIC RACISM



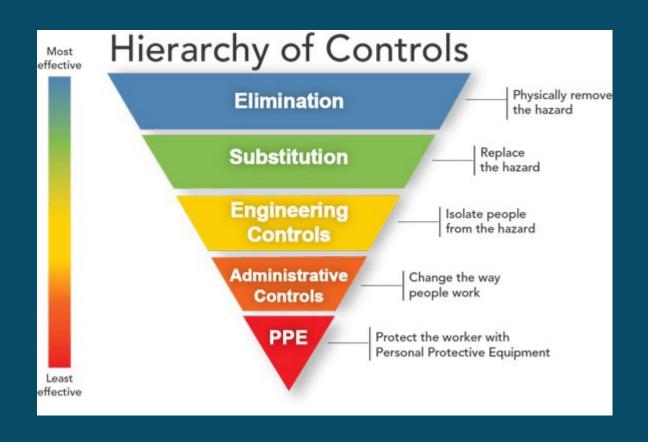
VIOLENCE



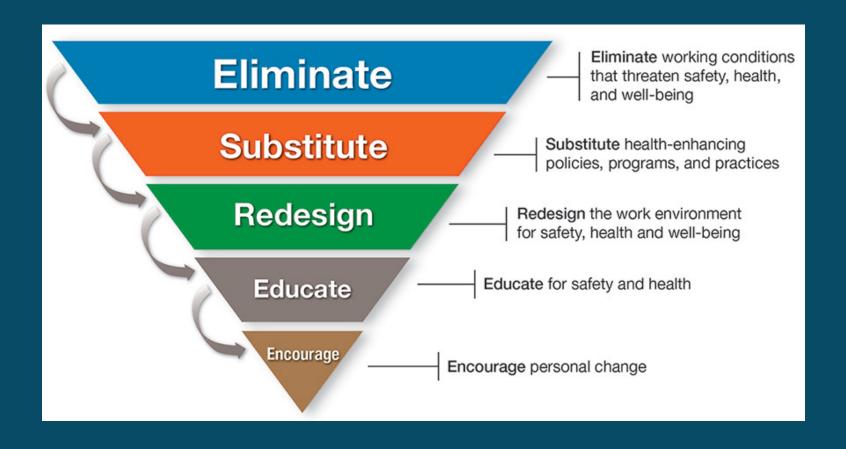
ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION



EROSION OF FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS



ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR



ESG

Environmental

- Waste and pollution
- Resource depletion
- Greenhouse gas emission
- Deforestation
- Climate change

Social

- Employee relations and diversity
- Working conditions
- Local communities
- Health and safety
- Conflict

Governance

- Tax strategy
- Executive remuneration
- Donations and political lobbying
- Corruption and bribery
- Board diversity and structure

WHAT COMPETENCIES WILL FUTURE OSH PROFESSIONALS NEED?

THE TRULY HARD

STUFF:

SYSTEMS THINKING

EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

COLLABORATION - TRANSDISCIPLINARY

EMPATHY – COMMUNICATION - ADVOCACY





Revi

How Will the Future of Work Shape the OSH Professional of the Future? A Workshop Summary

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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

OPEN

Education and Training to Build Capacity in Total Worker Health®

Proposed Competencies for an Emerging Field

Lee S. Newman, MD, MA, Joshua G. Scott, PhD, Adele Childress, PhD, MSPH, Laura Linnan, ScD, Wilbert J. Newhall, PhD, Deborah L. McLellan, PhD, Shelly Campo, PhD, Sabrina Freewynn, MPH, Leslie B. Hammer, PhD, Maija Leff, MPH, Gretchen Macy, EdD, MPH, Elizabeth H. Maples, PhD, Bonnie Rogers, DrPH, Diane S. Rohlman, PhD, Liliana Tenney, MPH, and Cecilia Watkins, PhD

Newman et al. J. Occup Environ Med (JOEM) 2020 62:e384-391

Six Core Competencies

Subject matter expertise

Worker advocacy and engagement

Program
planning,
Implementation
and Evaluation

Communication and Dissemination

Leadership and Management

Partnership Building and Coordination

1. Subject Matter Expertise

"Public health knowledge and skills are a foundational part of OSH as they are for TWH"

Technical and public health knowledge

 occupational safety and health, health promotion, organization of work, business, and health services Risk/Needs assessment, analysis and decision making

Surveillance and research methods and analysis

Reading, interpretation, and practical application of research studies

Applied public health practices, approaches and interventions

2. Advocacy and Engagement

"The TWH professional is an advocate for protecting the worker, advocating for worker safety, health, and well-being first and foremost"



3. Program Planning, Implementation, and Resources Planning

"There's a particular need to have expertise in design, implementation, and evaluation of programs and policies built on existing science and best practices."

Public health programs and resources planning

Implement effective processes, practices/policy guidelines

Evaluation plan, methods, and resources

4. Communication and Dissemination

"Ability to convey (information) to diverse groups...and to articulate the business case"



Health, safety, and well-being literacy and behaviors



Health communication strategies and teamwork



Evaluation of communication and marketing efforts

5. Leadership and Management

"...including helping organization leaders recognize their role in primary prevention and elimination of psychosocial and physical workplace hazards"

- Health systems and healthcare navigation
- Strategic planning and leadership
- Laws, standards, policy, and regulations
- Multidisciplinary/cross-functional teams

6. Partnership building and coordination

"...the ability to bring together the right mix of people and resources and to assist in coordinating the efforts of multiple partners...it is a **transdisciplinary** field"

Participatory, collaborative, transdisciplinary, cross-functional teams and partnerships

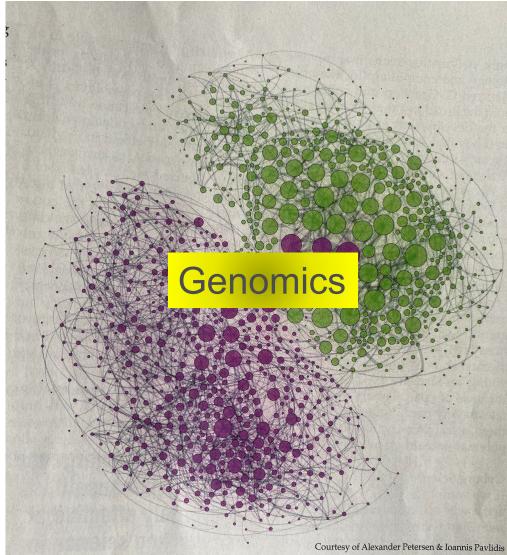
Resource identification, work-place design, and organizational culture

Transdisciplinary, interdisciplinary, and integrated interventions and programs

Solution design Combining worksite safety, health promotion, and worksite

wellness concepts

Measurement and evaluation tools

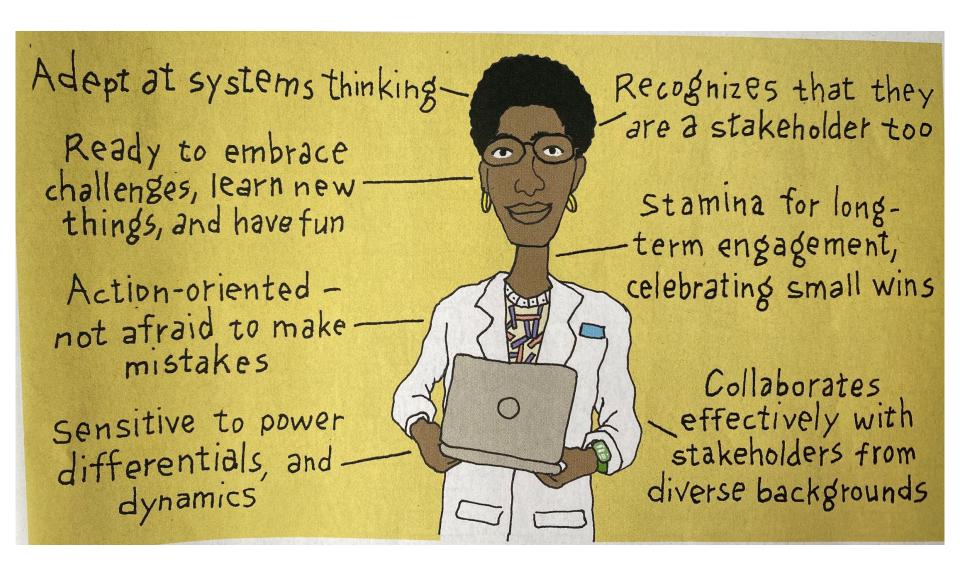


This graphic representation of multidisciplinary convergence depicts the research collaboration network of about 1,000 scholars sampled from U.S. computer science departments (*magenta*) and biology departments (*green*) in 2015. Links represent collaborations, and node size is proportional to a scholar's centrality within this network. The cross-disciplinary bridge formed by computing scholars extending into the biology domain represents the genomics nexus, where computer scientists and their surrounding biology collaborators are forming a new convergent culture.

Lesson in convergence

Computer Sciences X Biological Sciences





Eight Trends for the Future of Work



Lean Work Teams



New Leadership Styles



Reduced Footprints



Higher Transparency



Safety at Core



Whole Human Approach



Tech as a Mandate



Greater Partnership

SAFER

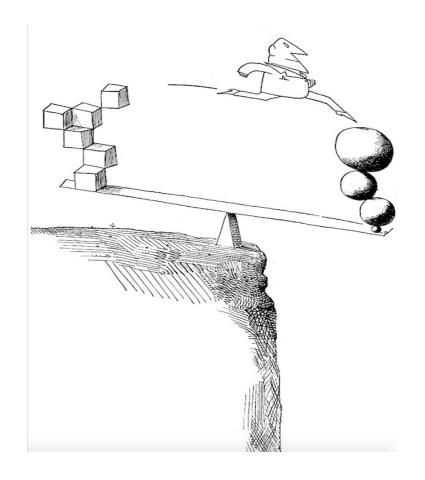
Slide courtesy John Dony - NSC



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Thank you





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